

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
HOUSTON DIVISION

SEAN WHITE

Plaintiff

VS.

ESA P PORTFOLIO, L.L.C.

Defendant

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CIVIL ACTION NO.

COMPLAINT

TO THE U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE:

COMES NOW, Plaintiff SEAN WHITE and brings this cause of action against ESA P PORTFOLIO, L.L.C., (“ESA P PORTFOLIO”). ESA P PORTFOLIO, L.L.C., owns the real estate, property, and improvements in Houston, Texas where a hotel named Extended Stay America operates. Mr. WHITE respectfully shows that the Defendant’s real estate, property, and improvements at the location are not accessible to individuals with mobility impairments and disabilities, in violation of federal law.

I. CLAIM

1. Mr. WHITE, a person with a physical disability and mobility impairments, brings this action for declaratory and injunctive relief, attorneys’ fees, costs, and litigation expenses against Defendant for violations of Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §§12181, *et seq.* (“ADA”), and its attendant regulations, the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (“ADAAG”).

2. Defendant refused to provide Mr. WHITE and others similarly situated with sufficient ADA-compliant parking in the parking lot that serves ESA P

PORTFOLIO. The Houston location does not provide an ADA-Compliant Van Accessible space. Based on this fact, ESA P PORTFOLIO, L.L.C., has denied Mr. WHITE the ability to enjoy the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, and accommodations at Extended Stay America.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331 and §1343(a)(3) & (a)(4) for violations of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §12101, et seq.

4. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b), as the events complained of occurred in Houston, Texas where the Extended Stay America Hotel is located.

PARTIES

5. Plaintiff SEAN WHITE is an Honorably-discharged, U.S. Army veteran that completed multiple tours in Afghanistan. As a result of his service, Mr. White has mobility impairments and traumatic brain injury (TBI). Mr. WHITE has a disability and mobility impairments, as established by the Federal government and the Veteran's Administration. Mr. White has a disabled placard on his vehicle from the State of Texas. Mr. WHITE has significant mobility impairments and uses assistive devices for mobility. He is a "qualified individual with a disability" within the meaning of ADA Title III.

6. Defendant ESA P PORTFOLIO, L.L.C., owns and has control over the real estate, improvements, and building where the Extended Stay America Hotel is situated. The address of the DoubleTree Hotel is 4701 Westheimer, Houston, TX 77027.

As a hotel, the business is a place of public accommodation, operated by a private entity, whose operations affect commerce within the meaning of Title III of the ADA.

7. Defendant ESA P PORTFOLIO, L.L.C., is a Foreign Limited Liability Company whose headquarters is 100 Dunbar St, Spartanburg, SC 29306. Defendant can be served process via its registered agent National Registered Agents, Inc, who can be served at 1999 Bryan St, Suite 900, Dallas, TX 75201 as indicated by records from the Office of Texas Secretary of State.

II. FACTS

8. Extended Stay America is a business establishment and place of public accommodation in Houston, Texas. Extended Stay America is situated on real estate, property, and improvements owned, managed, and operated by ESA P PORTFOLIO, L.L.C.

9. Extended Stay America is not accessible to disabled individuals because it has zero ADA-Compliant Van Accessible parking spaces in the parking lot that serves the business. Although the facility offers disabled parking, the spaces near the entrance are sloped and not level.

10. Pictures taken at the location prove this:



Extended Stay America Hotel in Houston TX.



Extended Stay America Hotel Main Entrance. No Van Accessible Disabled Parking. Spaces are sloped. Under the ADA regulations, the spaces must be flat and level to allow safe entry and exit by patrons from their vehicles.



Extended Stay America Hotel Main Entrance. Additional view of sloped parking spaces.

11. The Plaintiff went to Extended Stay America located at 4701 Westheimer Rd, Houston, TX 77027 in January of 2020.

12. In encountering and dealing with the lack of an accessible facility, the Plaintiff experienced difficulty and discomfort. These violations denied the Plaintiff full and equal access to facilities, privileges and accommodations offered by the Defendant. Plaintiff has the intent to return to Extended Stay America in Houston.

13. Additionally, on information and belief, the Plaintiff alleges that the failure to remove the barrier was intentional because: (1) this particular barrier is intuitive and obvious; (2) the Defendant exercised control and dominion over the conditions at this location and, therefore, the lack of accessible facilities was not an “accident” because Defendant intended this configuration; (3) Defendant has the means and ability to make

the change; and (4) the changes to bring the property into compliance are “readily achievable.”

14. The Defendant’s Houston location does not have the required number of ADA parking spaces. With 26-50 parking spaces, Defendant must have at least two disabled parking spaces, including one ADA-Compliant Van Accessible space (96” Wide with 96” Side Access Aisle). These spaces must be located close to the entrance of the business. These spaces must be flat and level. *See* pictures above, and **Exhibit 1**.

15. There is no ADA-Compliant Disabled Parking in the parking and check-in area at the main entrance of the Extended Stay America Hotel in Houston, Texas.

16. The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), 42 U.S.C. §12101, has been federal law for 30 years.

III. CAUSE OF ACTION - VIOLATION OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990, 42 U.S.C. § 12101

17. Plaintiff repleads and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth again herein, the allegations contained in all prior paragraphs of this complaint.

18. Under the ADA, it is an act of discrimination to fail to ensure that the privileges, advantages, accommodations, facilities, goods and services of any place of public accommodation is offered on a full and equal basis by anyone who owns, leases, or operates a place of public accommodation. See 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a). Discrimination is defined, *inter alia*, as follows:

a. A failure to make reasonable modifications in policies practices, or procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to individuals with

disabilities, unless the accommodation would work a fundamental alteration of those services and facilities. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(ii).

b. A failure to remove architectural barriers where such removal is readily achievable. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2) (A)(iv). Barriers are defined by reference to the ADAAG, found at 28 C.F.R., Part 36, Appendix “D.”

c. A failure to make alterations in such a manner that, to the maximum extent feasible, the altered portions of the facility are readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities, including individuals who use wheelchairs or to ensure that, to the maximum extent feasible, the path of travel to the altered area and the bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered area, are readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities. 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(2).

19. Pursuant to 28 C.F.R., Part 36, Appendix D (herein after “1991 Standards”), section 4.1.2, and 36 C.F.R., Part 1191, Appendix B (herein after “2010 Standards”), section 208.2, if a business provides between 26 and 50 parking spaces, they must provide two Disabled parking spaces, including at least one ADA-Compliant Van Accessible space (96” Wide with 96” Side Access Aisle) near the business entrance. *See Exhibit 1.*

20. Here, the Defendant did not provide a sufficient number of ADA-compliant parking spaces in its parking lot, although doing so is easily and readily done, and therefore violated the ADA. The Disabled spaces at the Defendant’s property are sloped and are not level. This is a violation of the law and is discriminatory.

IV. RELIEF REQUESTED

Injunctive Relief

21. Mr. WHITE will continue to experience unlawful discrimination as a result of Defendant's refusal to comply with the ADA. Injunctive relief is necessary so he and all individuals with disabilities can access the Defendant's bank equally, as required by law, and to compel Defendant to repave the disabled parking space to be level and repave the access ramp to eliminate the cross-slope. Injunctive relief is also necessary to compel Defendant to keep the property in compliance with federal law.

Declaratory Relief

22. Mr. WHITE is entitled to declaratory judgment concerning Defendant's violations of law, specifying the rights of individuals with disabilities to access the goods and services at the Defendant's location.

23. The facts are undisputed and Defendant's non-compliance with the ADA has been proven through on-site photographs. Plaintiff proves a *prima facie* case of ADA violations by the Defendant.

Attorneys' Fees and Costs

24. Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees, litigation costs, and court costs, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12205.

V. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

THEREFORE, Mr. WHITE respectfully requests this Court award the following relief:

- A. A permanent injunction, compelling Defendant to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act; and enjoining Defendant from violating the ADA and from discriminating against Mr. WHITE and those similarly-situated, in violation of the law;
- B. A declaratory judgment that Defendant's actions are a violation of the ADA;
- C. Find that Mr. WHITE is the prevailing party in this action, and order Defendant liable for Plaintiff's attorneys' fees, costs, and litigation expenses; and,
- D. Grant such other and additional relief to which Plaintiff may be entitled in this action.

DATED: FEBRUARY 4, 2020

Respectfully,

By: /s/ R. Bruce Tharpe
R. Bruce Tharpe

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